# NATIONAL ANTI-DRUG ACTION PLAN 2015

## 1. Preventing Access to Drugs

**Aim:** To prevent smuggling, manufacturing, distribution and street selling of any natural or synthetic narcotic drugs and chemical intermediates used for the manufacturing at national and international level

## **Objectives:**

- 1. To prevent drug smuggling,
- 2. To prevent street selling of drugs

Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
	1. To strengthen all drug entry	1. Ministry of Customs and Trade	Ministry of Interior
<ol> <li>To prevent drug entry to</li> </ol>	points for physical, technical,	(General Directorate of	1.1. General Directorate of
Turkey	human resources and	Customs Protection)	Security (Anti-smuggling and
	management capacity		Organized Crime)
			1.2. Gendarmerie General
			Command
			1.3. Coast Guard Command
	2.1. To establish narcotic teams		
2. To fight against drugs at street	2.2. To establish an awarding	2. Ministry of Interior	1. Community and opinion leaders
level	mechanism for civilians		2. Local authorities
	contributing to anti-drug		
	activities		

#### 2. Taking Necessary Measures for Schools

**Aim:** To prevent drug supply and demand in schools as well as to ensure inclusion of existing drug users to available treatment process and social adaptation activities

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. To eliminate accessibility of drug supply inside and around schools,
- 2. To raise antidrug awareness among teachers, students and parents,
- 3. To identify drug users and to establish a link between the user and treatment and adaptation mechanisms.

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To identify risks inside and outside schools and taking necessary measures for the prevention of these risks	<ul> <li>1.1. To identify and meet security camera, security wall and security officer needs of schools located at high risk areas,</li> <li>1.2. To conduct a thorough security check for personnel (cleaning personnel, security personnel, cafeteria</li> </ul>	2. Ministry of National Education	Ministry of Interior     Local Authorities
		personnel, School service drivers, etc.) working at schools,  1.3. Regular check on high risk abandoned places in city centres particularly around schools		
2.	To raise awareness among teachers, students, parents, and school personnel	2.1. To deliver a "Basic Awareness Raising on Anti-Drug Activities" training to school managers and other personnel particularly school counsellors	Ministry of National Education	<ol> <li>Ministry of Family and Social Policies</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> <li>Local Authorities</li> </ol>

3.	To ensure treatment and social adaptation of drug users	<ul> <li>2.2 To invite parents to school for "Adaptation and Expectations Training" and to deliver a training on healthy lifestyle including information on antitobacco, anti-drug and antialcohol strategies.</li> <li>2.3 To prepare posters to raise awareness on where to report and to develop skills for self-protection and refusal skills in case of witnessing drug abuse and selling and to place on visible areas at schools</li> <li>3.1. To ensure treatment and social adaptation for drug user student by contacting treatment and social adaptation centres in coordination with their parents and to follow up with teachers trained for fight against addiction.</li> <li>3.2. To take necessary measures for continuation of education for the students during treatment and social adaptation</li> </ul>	Ministry of Nation Education	Ministry of Health     Ministry of Family and Social     Policies
4.	To activate and update Green Crescent Clubs composed of students	4.1. To ensure at least one event by Green Crescent and Health Clubs at schools	Ministry of National Education	<ol> <li>Ministry of Family and Social Policies</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent</li> </ol>

				4.	Society Local Authorities
5.	To conduct drug surveys at schools	5.1.To complete ongoing surveys (ESPAD) and to plan new surveys in line with the international standards and identified national needs	Ministry of National Education	1.	Ministry of Family and Social Policies
6.	To ensure sustainability and standardization of all antidrug activities	<ul> <li>6.1. To publish a circular on Antidrug and Substance Abuse</li> <li>6.2. To prepare anti-drug training modules approved by anti- drug national scientific advisory boards</li> </ul>	Ministry of National Education	1. 2. 3.	Ministry of Family and Social Policies Ministry of Health Turkish Green Crescent Society

# 3. Taking Necessary Measures for Defined Target Groups

Aim: To raise awareness on adverse effects of drug abuse among target groups

# Objective:

1. To categorize preventive me	1. To categorize preventive measures for drug abuse in a comprehensive manner and to scale up these measures to all target groups.					
Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation			
1. To prepare and enforce categorized anti-drug programmes for drug users, addicts, their relatives and high risk groups	1.1. To prepare training modules and programmes supported by audio and visual materials	Ministry of Family and Social Policies	<ol> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Interior</li> <li>Ministry of Youth and Sport</li> <li>Ministry of National Defence</li> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> </ol>			
To enforce programmes for children forced to work and beg on the streets	<ul> <li>2.1. To strengthen existing Centres for Social Service under Ministry of Family and Social Policies and Medical Social Service Units located in hospitals, and (if there is no) to establish new units at health facilities</li> <li>2.2. To provide a safe and supportive environment for children forced to work and beg on the streets; to improve their access to treatment and social services, quality of life and occupational skills, and to deliver training and counselling services.</li> </ul>	Ministry of Family and Social Policies	<ol> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of Interior</li> <li>Local Authorities</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> </ol>			
To enforce programmes for soldiers within armed forces	3.1.To deliver an anti-drug training to privates and soldiers	Ministry of National Defence	<ol> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> </ol>			

	approved by the scientific board  3.2. To ensure inclusion to standard treatment and social		Ministry of Family and Social Policies
	adaptation programme in case of identifying drug users and		
	addicts during military		
	examination through their own		
	statement or a new system,		
	and to follow up with the		
	progress by Counselling Centres		
4. To enforce programmes for	4.1. To deliver an anti-drug training	Ministry of Justice	1. Ministry of Health
people in Prisons and Detention	to imprisoned people approved		2. Ministry of Family and Social
Houses	by Scientific Board.		Policies
	4.2. To enforce standard treatment		
	and social adaptation processes		
	approved by Scientific Board for		
	drug users and addicts.		
5. To enforce programmes for	5.1. To deliver an anti-drug training	Ministry of Youth and Sport	1. Ministry of National Education
students staying at Higher	prepared with the contributions		2. Ministry of Family and Social
Education Credit and Hostels	of relevant ministries and		Policies
Institutions	approved by Scientific Board for		3. Ministry of Health
	students and school personnel.		4. Turkish Green Crescent
	5.2. To set leader student models or		Society
	to have counsellors staying at		
	the dorm to support drug users		
	and addicts.		
	5.3. To contact treatment facilities		
	available in the area and		
	enforce standard treatment		
	and social adaptation process		
	approved by Scientific Board.		
6. To enforce programmes for	6.1. To deliver an antidrug training	Ministry of Youth and Sport	1. Ministry of National Education

	youth and players	approved by Scientific Board		2.	Ministry of Family and Social
	, , ,	starting from amateur and			Policies
		professional players.		3.	Ministry of Health
		6.2. To enforce standard treatment		4.	Turkish Green Crescent
		and social adaptation processes			Society
		approved by Scientific Board for			,
		drug users and addicts.			
7.	To enforce programmes for	7.1. To deliver an antidrug training	Ministry of Interior	1.	Ministry of National Education
	students at Police and	approved by the Scientific	-	2.	Ministry of Family and Social
	Gendarmerie Training Centres	Board to all students starting			Policies
		from first grade students.		3.	Ministry of Health
		7.2. To enforce standard treatment		4.	Turkish Green Crescent
		and social adaptation processes			Society
		approved by Scientific Board for			
		drug users and addicts.			
8.	To enforce programmes for	8.1. To deliver an antidrug training	Local Authorities	1.	Ministry of National Education
	business operators and	approved by Scientific Board for		2.	Ministry of Family and Social
	personnel having close contact	all catering and entertainment			Policies
	with community.	sector starting from		3.	Ministry of Health
		establishments serving alcohol.		4.	Turkish Green Crescent
		8.2. To enforce standard treatment			Society
		and social adaptation processes			
		approved by Scientific Board for			
		drug users and addicts.			
9.	To train Vocational Trainers	9.1. To deliver an anti-drug training	Turkish Employment Agency	1.	Ministry of Health
	working at Turkish Employment	to Vocational Trainers		2.	Turkish Green Crescent
	Agency.	approved by Scientific Board.			Society

#### 4. Anti-Drug Counselling Units

**Aim:** To establish rehabilitation centres for people that would like to take measures for themselves and their relatives, drug users, addicts (having deprivation and willing to stop using) and their relatives, and to develop necessary algorithms.

#### **Objective:**

- 1. To ensure new units would serve as a bridge between community and public institutions for all stages of anti-drug activities.
- 2. To ensure easy access to services delivered by new units established for assisting anti-drug activities.
- 3. To complete all applications to units by informing the responsible authorities.

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To establish a "Drug	1.1. To provide online help	Ministry of Health	Ministry of Justice
	Addiction Helpline"	services through audio calls,		2. Ministry of Family and Social
	operational 24 hours 7 days	video talk and instant		Policies
	and managed by professionals	messaging anonymously		3. Ministry of Interior
		(except for the people		4. Turkish Employment Agency
		referred to treatment and		5. Turkish Green Crescent
		those that received an		Society
		appointment).		
		1.2. To establish a system for call		
		centre personnel to answer		
		questions received via SMS,		
		e-mail or social media.		
		1.3. To refer people that would		
		like to receive treatment due		
		to drug addiction to Family		
		Physician, Psychiatry		
		Polyclinic, Outpatient and		
		inpatient treatment centres.		
		1.4. To link people in post		
		treatment and recovery		
		period with social adaptation		
		programmes.		

## 5. To strengthen drug addiction treatment mechanisms

Aim: To facilitate access to drug addiction treatment services, and to increase success of treatments by strengthening treatment mechanisms.

#### Objective:

- 1. To ensure training of health personnel taking part in drug addiction treatment
- 2. To define inpatient and outpatient treatment algorithms for drug addicts

Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1. To ensure family medicine	1. To build technical capacity		1. Ministry of Family and Social
centres play an active role in	among family physicians for		Policies
anti-drug activities and to	early diagnosis, psychosocial		2. Turkish Green Crescent
include these activities as	treatment support for people		3. Ministry of Interior
positive performance criteria	with low level of addiction, and		
	for right referral when needed.		
	1.1. To revise family medicine		
	training module in line with		
	anti-drug policies and to		
	encourage all family physicians		
	to receive distance learning		
	module,		
	1.2. To start with volunteer family		
	physicians in high risk areas		
	and to ensure at least 10% of		
	all family physicians receive		
	theoretical and on-site		
	trainings every year		
	1.3. To ensure all health		
	professionals (midwives,		
	nurses, health officers, etc.)		
	receive basic training on drug		
	addiction.		
2. To strengthen the capacity of	2.1 To make an assessment of	Ministry of Health	1. Ministry of Family and Social
psychiatry polyclinics for more	psychiatry clinics of Outpatient		Policies
active role in treatment of drug	Treatment Centres and to		2. Turkish Green Crescent
addicts	increase the available bed		3. Ministry of Interior

		capacity to dedicate 20% for drug addiction treatment.  2.2 To gradually increase the number of child and adolescent psychiatrists  2.3 To include drug addiction training module in child and adolescent psychiatry specialty trainings and rotation for Alcohol and Substance Addiction Treatment Centre (AMATEM).  2.4 To ensure psychiatrists access to treatment of and approach to substance addiction distance learning module and to include them in AMATEM and Child and Adolescent Substance Addiction Treatment Centre (ÇEMATEM) rotation  2.5 To make necessary adjustments to payment system and SOPs to encourage working in addiction treatment clinics.			
3.	To establish an outpatient	3.1 To activate at least 5 centres by	Ministry of Health	1.	Ministry of Family and Social
J.	substance addiction treatment centre.	the end of 2015.	Trimisery of ficular	Δ.	Policies
4.	To assess the capacity available at AMATEM and ÇEMATEM and to strengthen the drug addiction treatment mechanisms	<ul><li>4.1 To increase the number of AMATEM and ÇEMATEM centres revising the locations countrywide.</li><li>4.2 To assess AMATEM and</li></ul>	Ministry of Health	1. 2. 3.	Policies Ministry of Interior

	ÇEMATEM centres for physical infrastructure, technical equipment and human resources; to fill the gaps and to provide consumables needed for treatment, personal protective equipment (clothes, personal hygiene materials, etc.) foods and aperitifs used as an award for treatment, materials for occupational		4. Turkish Green Crescent
	therapy, and necessary resources for social activities.  4.3 To ensure these centres are secured by law enforcement officers particularly narco teams.  4.4 To refer patients received support from these centres to relevant agency/institution for social adaptation and to follow up with the progress		
5. To ensure standardization of emergency situations that would require intervention to drug addicts.	5.1 In service trainings for hospital emergency personnel and 112 ambulatory personnel intervening addicts in case of crisis will be provided together with professional associations. 5.2 To activate Crisis Intervention Centres at Hospitals within anti-drug activities.	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Associations of Medical Specialists</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> </ol>

## 6. To ensure social adaptation of drug addicts after short term and long term treatment

Aim: To prevent social exclusion of drug users after treatment, to ensure social adaptation and to prevent relapse of drug addiction Objectives:

1. To restructure social adaptation process with an integrated approach to prevent drug users retarting using drugs after short and long term treatment.

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To establish social adaptation process for drug users after short and long term treatment.	1.1 To provide inpatient treatment at child support centres for social adaptation of children receiving short and long term treatment to separate them from children in need of protection.  1.2 To increase the number of child support centres to meet the needs countrywide.  1.3 To open new social service institution serving for social adaptation process of adults and children in need of protection.  1.4 To provide day care services for social adaptation of adults and children not requiring protection after short and long	Responsible Institution(s)  Ministry of Family and Social Policies	<ol> <li>Institution(s) for cooperation</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of Labour and Social Security</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Youth and Sport</li> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> <li>Ministry of Development</li> <li>Ministry of Finance</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> </ol>
	To provide why sign one	term treatment.	Minister of Family and Co-!-!	1 Ministry of Interior
2.	To provide physical spaces needed for strengthening social adaptation mechanisms.	2.1 Physical spaces needed for social adaptation programmes can be provided from social facilities and training centres that are not in use by other public institutions.	Ministry of Family and Social Policies	<ol> <li>Ministry of Interior</li> <li>Ministry of Labour and Social Security (ISKUR)</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Youth and Sport</li> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> </ol>

				7.	Local Administrations
				8.	Turkish Green Crescent
					Society
3.	To ensure social adaptation	<b>3.1</b> To develop programmes at	Ministry of Family and Social	1.	Ministry of Labour and Social
	(placement to school, job	central level needed for the	Policies		Security (ISKUR)
	placement, etc.) of addicts at	social adaptation of addicts.		2.	Ministry of Health
	social adaptation period.	3.2 To develop mechanisms for		3.	Ministry of National Education
		self-employment of addicts for		4.	Ministry of Youth and Sport
		their professions.		5.	Ministry of Justice
				6.	Local Administration
				7.	Turkish Green Crescent
					Society

## 7. Scientific Advisory Board for Anti-drug Activities

Aim: To align anti-drug activities with scientific evidence

## Objective:

1. To establish a Scientific Advisory Board composed of specialized people to identify communication strategies in combat against supply, demand and drug

Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
To establish Turkish Anti- Drug Scientific Advisory Board	<ol> <li>To establish Turkish Anti-drug Scientific Advisory Board.</li> <li>1.1. To establish a commission for fight against Drug Supply</li> </ol>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Universities</li> <li>Ministry of Interior</li> <li>Ministry of Family and Social Policies</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>1.2. To establish a commission for fight against drug demand</li><li>1.3. To establish a communication commission to identify antidrug communication strategies.</li></ul>		

## 8. To establish Anti-drug Decision Support System

**Aim:** To establish a dynamic system that would enable instant data flow and data sharing for anti-drug activities of relevant units, and activity planning in line with the available data

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. To develop a model to the purpose and to strengthen the monitoring system
- 2. To standardize data collected within the scope of anti-drug activities and to ensure compatibility with international data systems

Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1. To establish an Anti-drug Decision Support System that would enable monitoring collected data, and assessing processes and outputs	<ul> <li>1.1 To develop data collection algorithms for data collection units to be established under relevant Ministries or Institutions to establish a National Database.</li> <li>1.2 To improve existing Antidrug Supply and Demand Early Warning Systems, and to integrate with the system.</li> <li>1.3 To enter results of national scientific researches to the system.</li> </ul>	Ministry of Interior	1. All relevant organizations and institutions

## 9. To strengthen Legislation for Anti-drug Activities

Aim: To make necessary legislative regulation arrangements for effective fight with drugs

#### **Objectives:**

1. To have up-to-date applicable changes on anti-drug legislation to strengthen deterrence of anti-drug activities

	1. To have up-to-date applicable changes on anti-drug legislation to strengthen deterrence of anti-drug activities				
	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation	
1.		<ul> <li>1.1 To establish a system to keep records of drug users without stigmatization</li> <li>1.2 To regulate articles 135. and 140 of Code of Criminal Procedures requiring identification of communication, listening, recording and surveillance of suspects or accused people by technical means within antidrug activities</li> <li>1.3 To make regulations to control the sale of marijuana</li> </ul>	Ministry of Justice	Ministry of Interior     Ministry of Health	
2.	To develop necessary legislative regulations to ensure effective implementation of probation services	<b>2.1</b> To integrate probation services with treatment and social adaptation programmes	Ministry of Justice	<ol> <li>Ministry of Family and Social Policies</li> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance</li> <li>Ministry of Youth and Sport</li> </ol>	
3.	To make necessary regulations for Generic Classifications	3.1 To make necessary regulations to include new psychoactive drugs within the scope of banned substances	Ministry of Health	1. Ministry of Interior	

## 10. Coordination and Cooperation

**Aim:** To ensure coordination among all relevant institutions by establishing a coordination mechanism strengthening cooperation for anri-drug activities supported by scientific evidence.

#### Objective:

1. To identify interagency coordination unit

2. To ensure active participation of local administrations and NGOs for the implementation of joint projects.

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To develop an organizational structure responsible for the implementation of anti-drug action plan	<ul> <li>1.1 To organize six monthly meetings for anti-drug high council.</li> <li>1.2 To organize monthly meetings for anti-drug council</li> <li>1.3 To organize weekly meetings for anti-drug board</li> </ul>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Ministry of Family and Social Policies</li> <li>Ministry of Interior</li> <li>Ministry of Youth and Sport</li> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Labour and Social Security</li> <li>Ministry of Customs and Trade</li> </ol>
2.	To increase the role of local administrations in anti-drug activities	<ul> <li>1.1 To organize annual anti-drug meeting with the participation of Deputy Governors and coordinators of provincial antidrug focal points from all 81 provinces.</li> <li>1.2 To develop and pilot cooperation mechanisms for Green Crescent, relevant NGOs and municipalities.</li> <li>1.3 To review best practices from other countries and strengthen the role of Presidency of Religious Affairs in combat with drugs.</li> </ul>	Ministry of Interior	<ol> <li>Ministry of Health</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Labour and Social Security</li> <li>Ministry of National Education</li> <li>Ministry of Justice</li> <li>Ministry of Local Administration</li> <li>Turkish Green Crescent Society</li> </ol>
3.		2.1. To ensure integrated	Ministry of Health	Ministry of Development,
	use of funds	management of financial sources		General Directorate of Social

and projects as part of anti-drug		Sectors and Coordination
activities.	2.	Ministry of Interior
	3.	Presidency of Associations
		Department
	4.	Ministry of Youth and Sport,
		General Directorate of Project
		and Coordination

## 11. Communication and briefing the public

**Aim:** To develop and implement professional communication strategies to inform, raise awareness and ensure participation of public in combat with drug abuse

# Objective:

1. To raise awareness among public on combat with drug abuse

2. To ensure right information sharing with public and to ensure public participation to process

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To establish Anti-drug Communication Board	<ul> <li>1.1 To establish an anti-drug communication board that will be responsible for management of anti-drug communication</li> <li>1.2 To have public relations specialists, journalists and specialized health personnel participate to this board</li> </ul>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Prime Ministry, General         Directorate of Press and Information     </li> <li>The Ombudsman Institution</li> </ol>
2.	Anti-drug Communication Board will identify anti- drug communication strategies in collaboration with other related agencies	<ul><li>2.1 Communication Board will set communication strategies for combat with drug abuse.</li><li>2.2 The Board will initiate the activities as part of defined strategies.</li></ul>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Prime Ministry, General         Directorate of Press and         Information     </li> <li>The Ombudsman Institution</li> </ol>
3.	To conduct a professional programme	<ul> <li>3.1 To identify a professional agency that will be responsible for developing and implementing anti-drug campaign as part of anti-drug communication strategy.</li> <li>3.2 To ensure information sharing with the identified agency for an effective implementation of the campaign.</li> <li>3.3 To include all relevant</li> </ul>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Prime Ministry, General         Directorate of Press and         Information</li> <li>The Ombudsman Institution</li> </ol>

	ministries and agencies in anti- drug campaign.  3.4 Campaign will be managed by Communication and Campaign Board.		
on the process and to use a common language	<ul> <li>4.1 Communication Board will share all campaign related information with all stakeholders.</li> <li>4.2 For efficient management of the process and to provide appropriate information to public; all organizational and activity related information should be submitted to approval of communication board to ensure compatibility with communication strategy.</li> </ul>	Ministry of Health	<ol> <li>Prime Ministry, General         Directorate of Press and         Information</li> <li>The Ombudsman Institution</li> </ol>

## 12. Diagnosis and Laboratory Services

Aim: To strengthen diagnosis and laboratory services for an effective combat with drug abuse

#### Objective:

- 1. To strengthen the reliability of drug abuse diagnosis
- 2. To improve existing laboratory capacities to identify new drugs, and to increase quality of data on drug abuse
- 3. To comply with the data collection standards of international organizations particularly European Centre for Monitoring Drugs and Drug Addiction

	Strategies	Activities	Responsible Institution(s)	Institution(s) for cooperation
1.	To standardize principles of the testing laboratories, to increase their capacity, number of personnel and qualifications, and to provide instrumental analysis devices	<ul> <li>1.1 To ensure standardization of confirmation laboratories</li> <li>1.2 To procure necessary devices and equipment for laboratories</li> <li>1.3 To define duties and responsibilities of laboratory personnel, to provide in-service trainings in line with international standards, and within this scope to get support from forensics medicine, police, gendarmerie criminal and universities.</li> <li>1.4 To ensure periodic laboratory inspections.</li> <li>1.5 To establish a joint information sharing platform and to report to EWS in case of detection of new psychoactive drugs</li> </ul>	Ministry of Health	1. Institution of Forensic Medicine 2. Universities
2.	To define standards for identification tools	2.1 Anti-Drug Scientific Advisory Board shall develop identification/confirmation algorithms	Ministry of Health	
3.	To update SOPs for the use of identification tests	3.1 To revise and update identification test prices	Social Security Institution	

3	3.2 To price confirmation	
	laboratory tests and to work on	
	the payment system.	