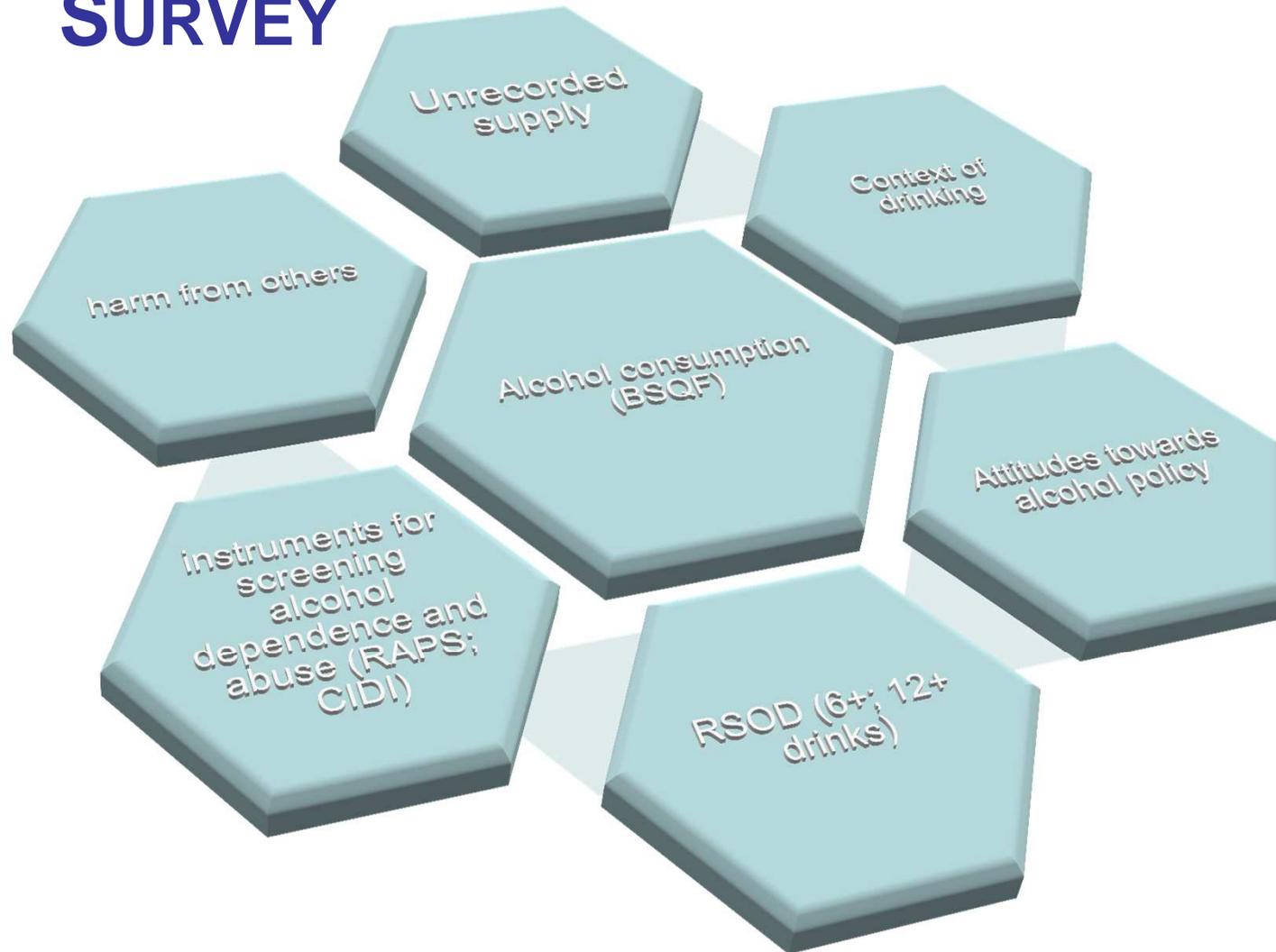


**STANDARDIZED EUROPEAN ALCOHOL SURVEY
RARHA SEAS**

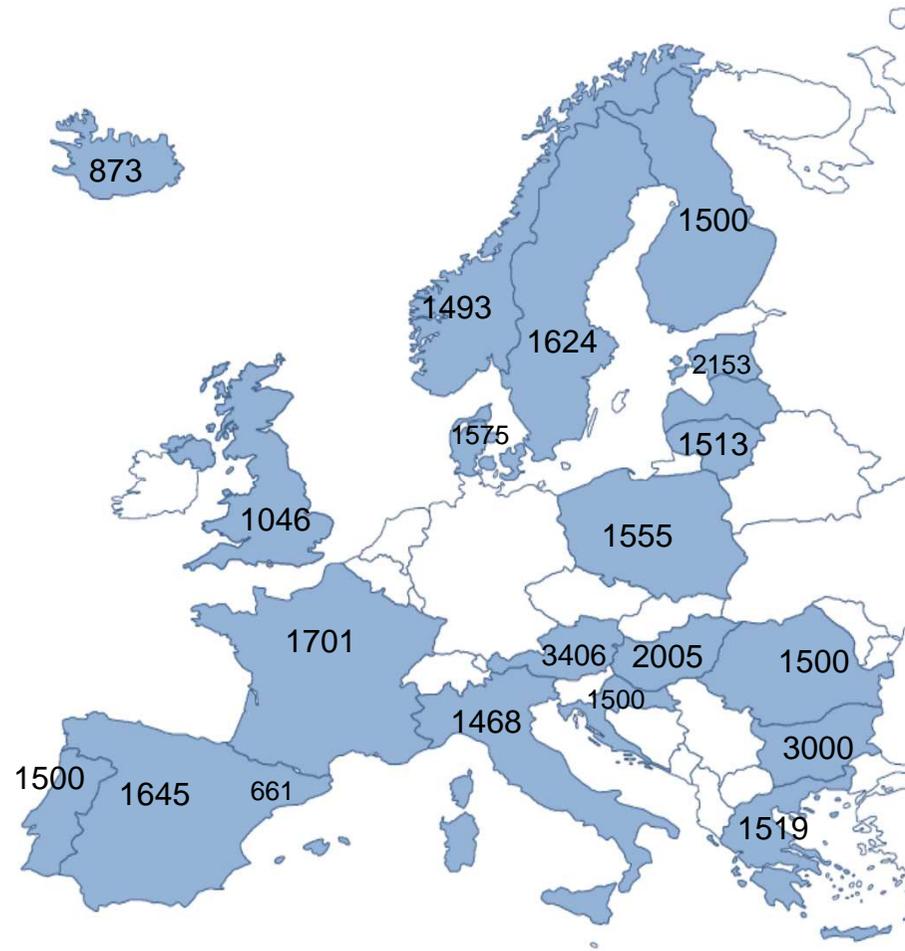
JACEK MOSKALEWICZ & JANUSZ SIEROSŁAWSKI
EMCDDA EXPERT MEETING
LISBON, 19-20 SEPTEMBER 2016



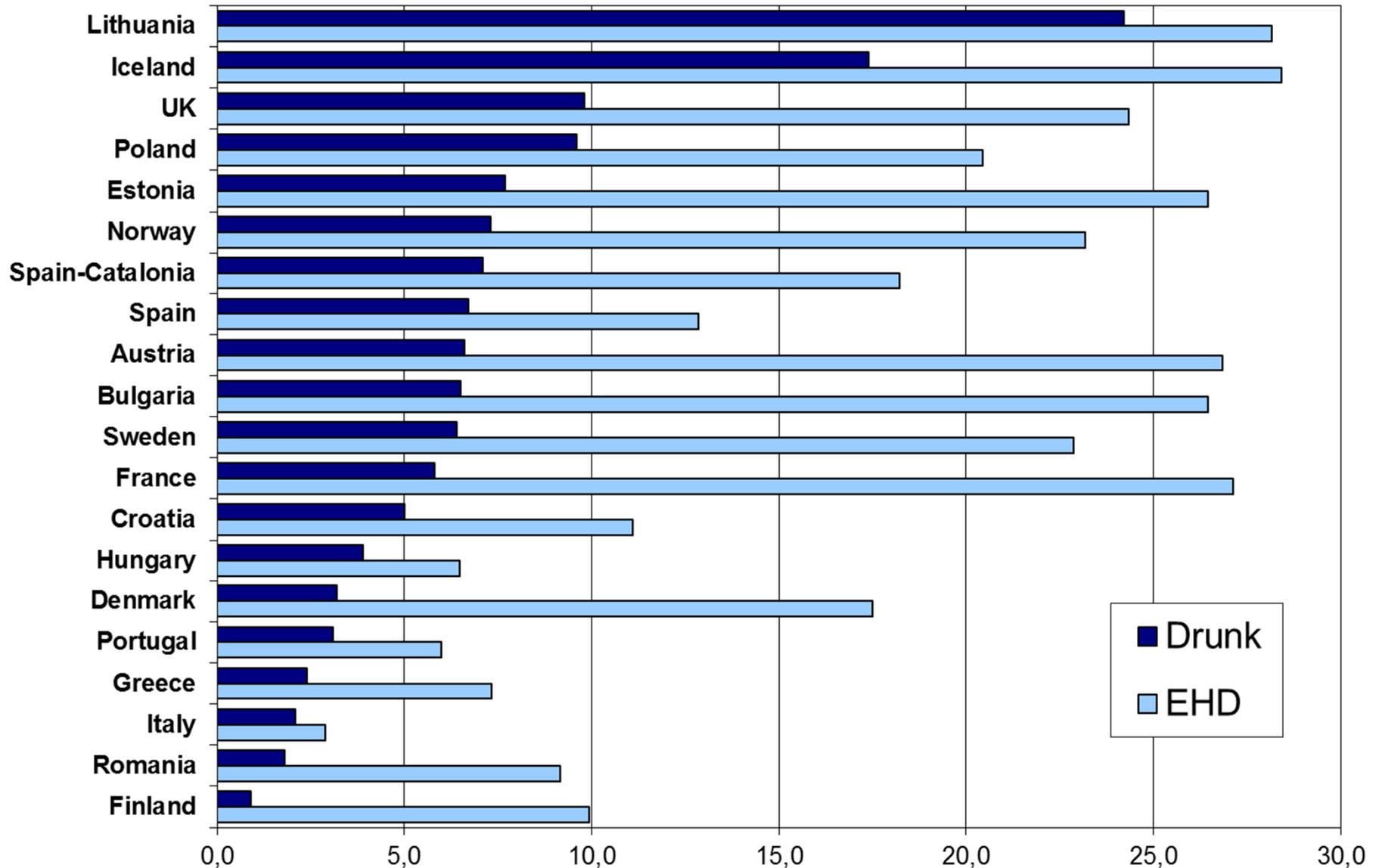
SEAS STANDARDIZED EUROPEAN ALCOHOL SURVEY



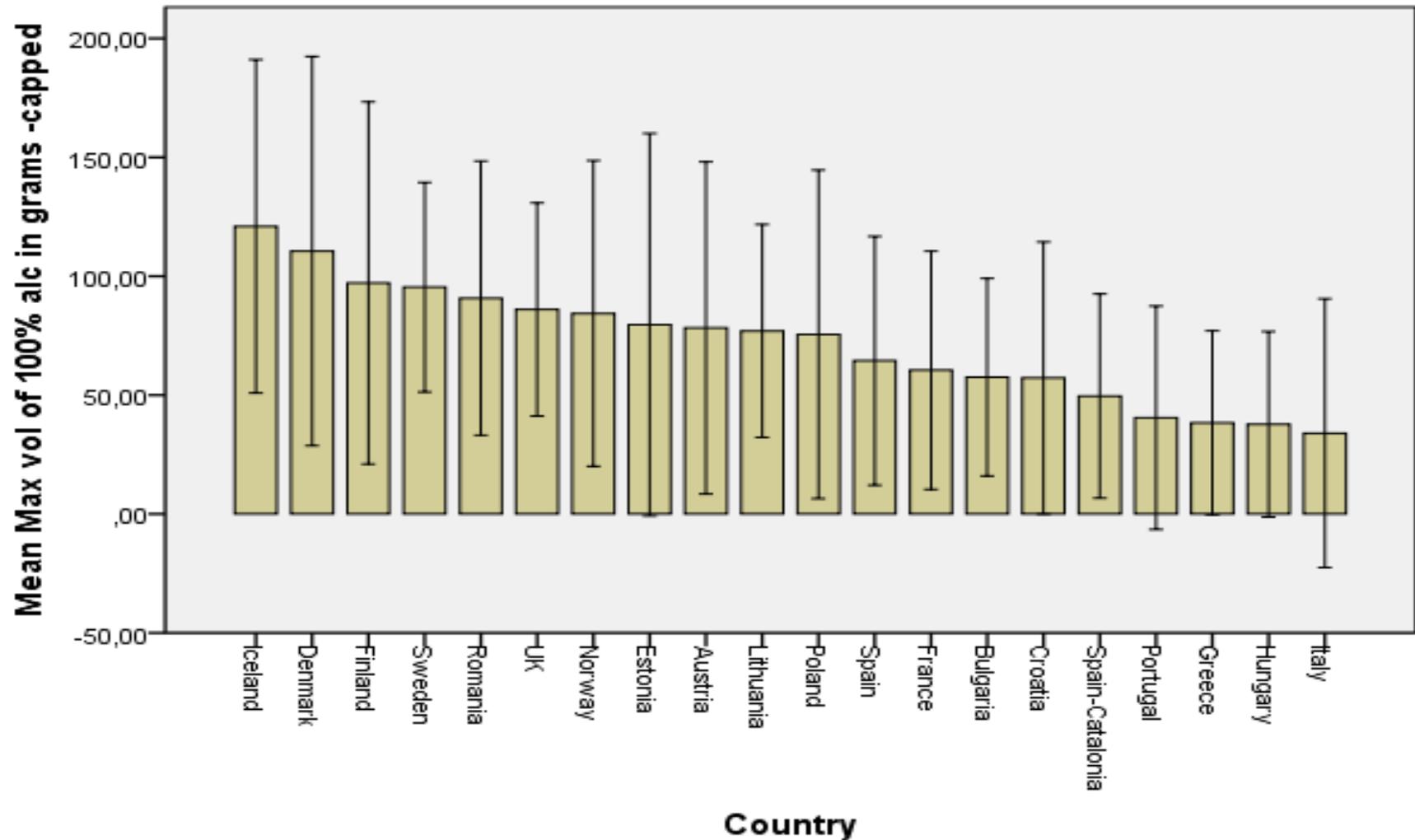
SEAS 😊 PARTNERS



Monthly prevalence of drunkenness and monthly RSOD (60+ grams males, 40+ grams females) (%)



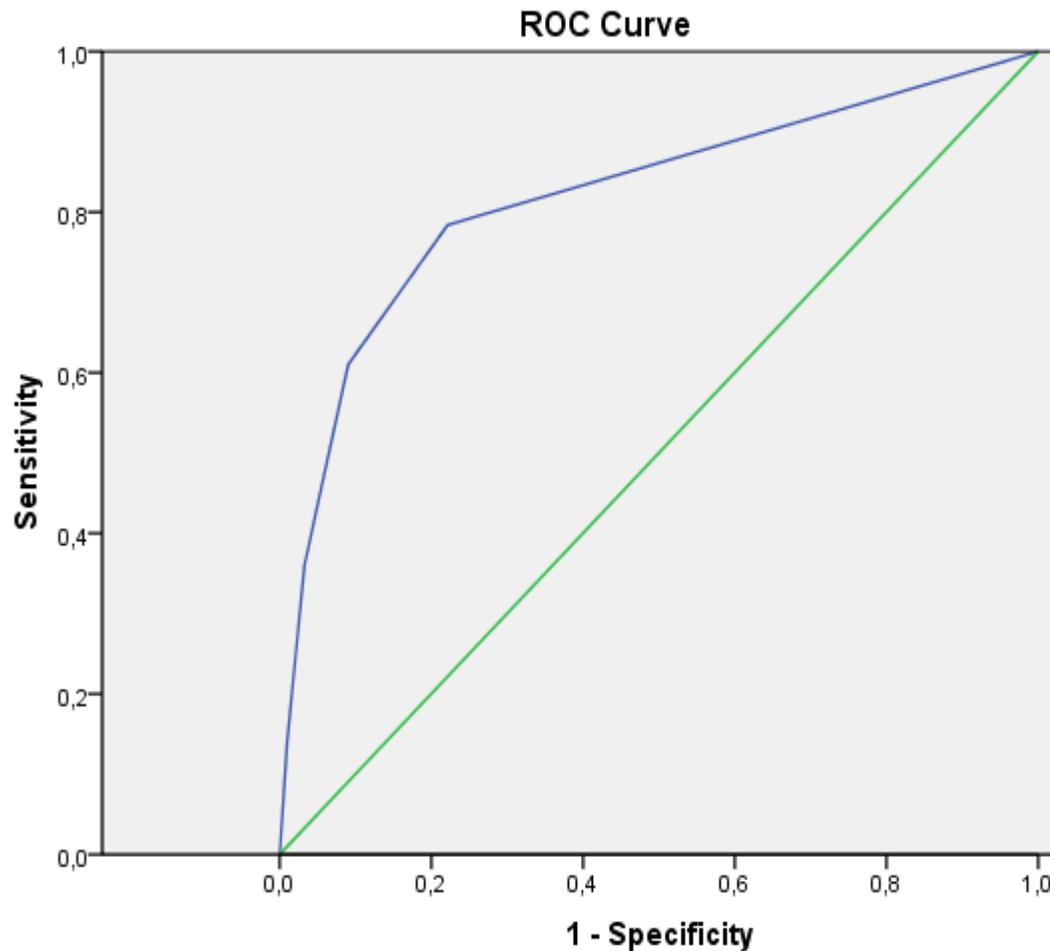
Maximum volumes consumed on one occasion (Means and Standard Deviation)



Cases weighted by Weight gender age education region settlment size

Error bars: +/- 1 SD

ROC curve for RAPS against positive results of CIDI (DSM IV - Dependence) for Bulgaria, Lithuania, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Spain-Catalonia, UK



Diagonal segments are produced by ties.

	Sensitivity	Specificity
RAPS 1+	0,784	0,779
RAPS 2+	0,610	0,910
RAPS 3+	0,361	0,967
RAPS 4	0,139	0,990

Area Under the Curve

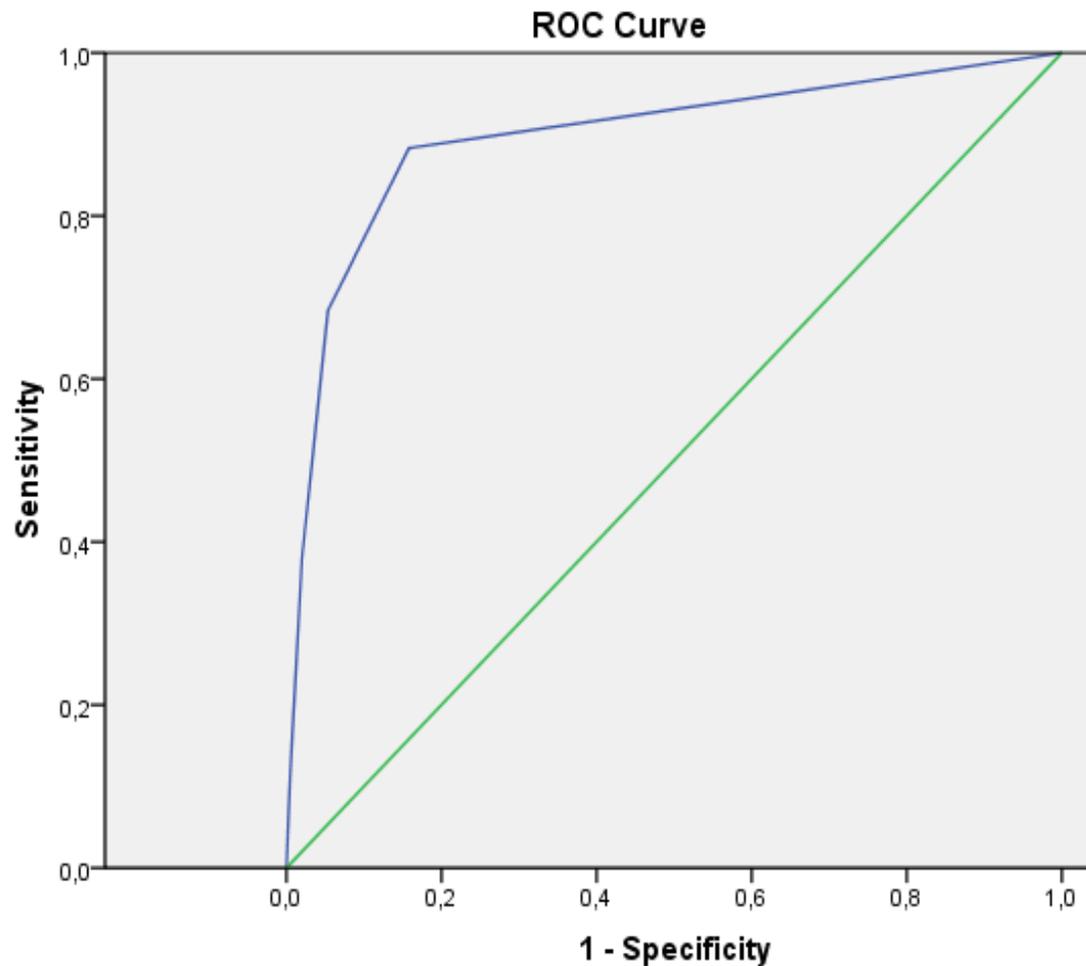
Test Result Variable(s): RAPS scores

Area	Std. Error ^a	Asymptotic Sig. ^b	Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval	
			Lower Bound	Upper Bound
0,820	0,011	0,000	0,798	0,842

ROC curve for RAPS against positive results of CIDI (DSM IV - Dependence) by country

Country	Sensitivity	Specificity	Area
Bulgaria	0,620	0,769	0,721
Lithuania	0,780	0,527	0,745
Poland	0,837	0,798	0,846
Portugal	0,900	0,907	0,925
Spain-Catalonia	1,000	0,886	0,969
Spain	0,830	0,856	0,881
UK	0,957	0,780	0,931

ROC curve for RAPS against positive results of CIDI (DSM IV - Dependence) for Poland, Portugal, Spain, Spain-Catalonia, UK



Diagonal segments are produced by ties.

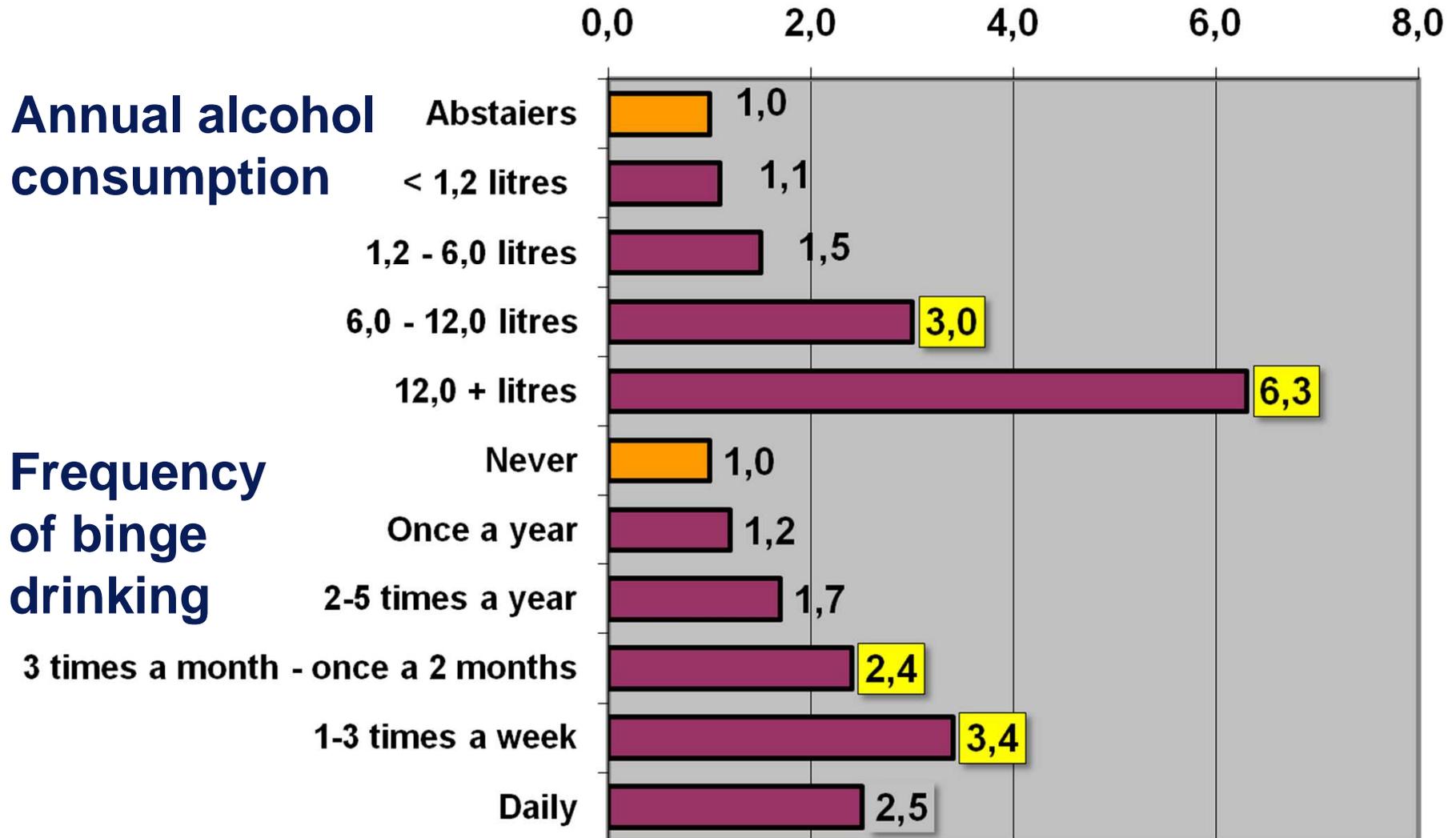
	Sensitivity	Specificity
RAPS 1+	0,883	0,779
RAPS 2+	0,684	0,910
RAPS 3+	0,381	0,967
RAPS 4	0,117	0,990

Area Under the Curve

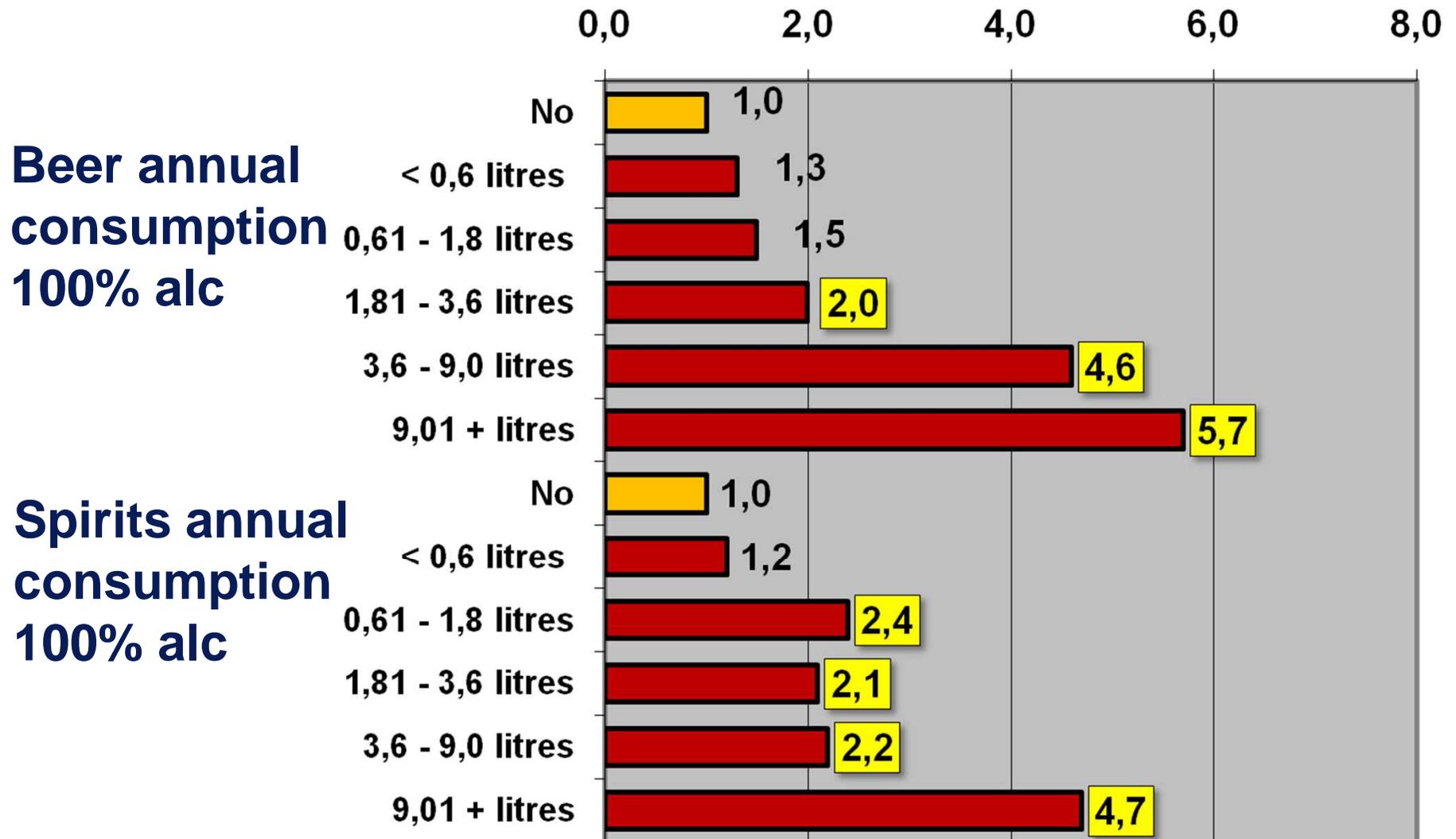
Test Result Variable(s): RAPS scores

Area	Std. Error ^a	Asymptotic Sig. ^b	Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval	
			Lower Bound	Upper Bound
0,896	0,013	0,000	0,871	0,922

Odds ratio for cannabis recent use (logistic regression model) – Polish GPS 2010



Odds ratio for cannabis recent use (logistic regression model) – Polish GPS 2010



Wine annual consumption does not contribute to the model

Conclusions

- RARHA SEAS works well in different cultures
- its BSQF section in combination with RSOD SECTION, including question on maximum volume gives estimate of annual consumption that include usual and binge drinking
- acc. to Polish experience annual alcohol consumption and beer and spirits consumption may be predictive of illicit drug use
- RSOD section offers higher estimates of binge consumption compared to its section on drunkenness
- RAPS works well as proxy of dependence and hazardous drinking in majority of countries, with some exceptions

Suggestions for alcohol section

- Beverage Specific Quantity Frequency
- General annual frequency
- Onset of drinking
- Last month prevalence
- Risky single occasion drinking
- Rapid Alcohol Problem Screen