

Polydrug use among drug treatment clients in Europe. What implications for treatment?

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20 years of Monitoring - Key indicators expert working groups - EMCDDA Technical conference

What is polydrug use?

- Consumption of two or more illicit or licit psychoactive substances within a specific (same) timeframe
- Cover a wide range of behaviours: different patterns of use and populations
- Reasons for use: potentiate the effects of one substance, or counterbalance it, or switch to different substance (for long time frame), etc.
- Elevates risks to health due to the additive or multiplicative toxicity of substances
- Increase the risk of death, overdose
- Complicates diagnosis and treatment
- Complex monitoring
- Higher frequency and increased health risks among high risk drug users



Polydrug use problem (according to TDI ver. 3.0)

Aim to assess whether a client is a problematic user of more than one drug at the same time

When two or more psychoactive substances are known to be involved, but it is impossible to assess which substance is contributing most to the disorder (ICD-10)

Clinical decision used in a restrictive way



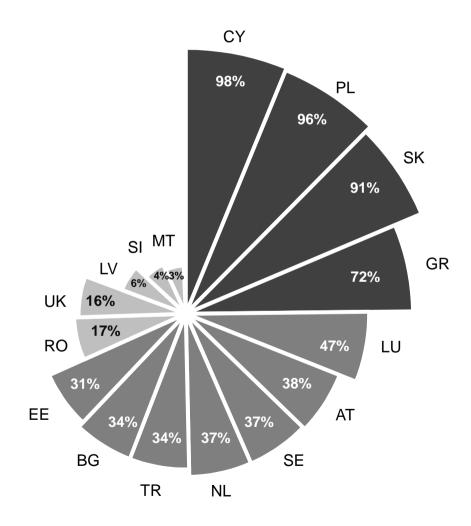
Secondary drugs (according to TDI ver.3.0)

- Drugs used in addition to the primary drug
- Substances that cause problems for the client
- Alcohol included/tobacco excluded
- Up to four secondary drugs possible to record for each individuals
- Ordered according to clinical relevance OR
 - used by injection
 - frequency of use
 - if none possible, the list of substances
- Citations and number of individuals for limited primary drugs reported



Polydrug use problem by country

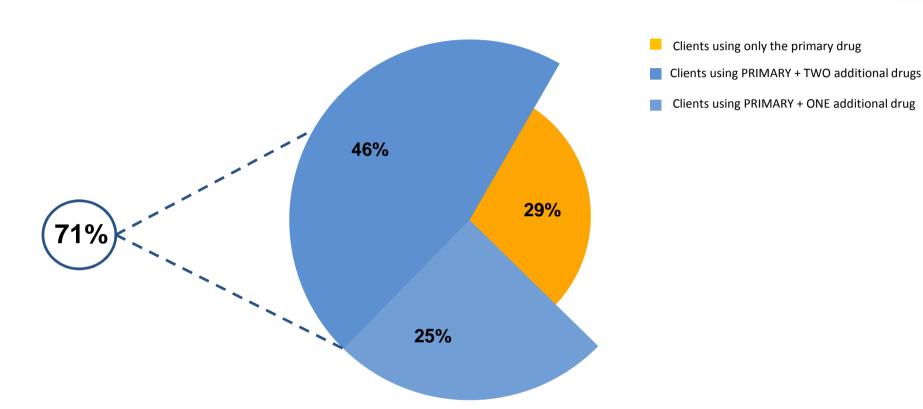
(Percentage of clients entering treatment that reported a polydrug use problem)



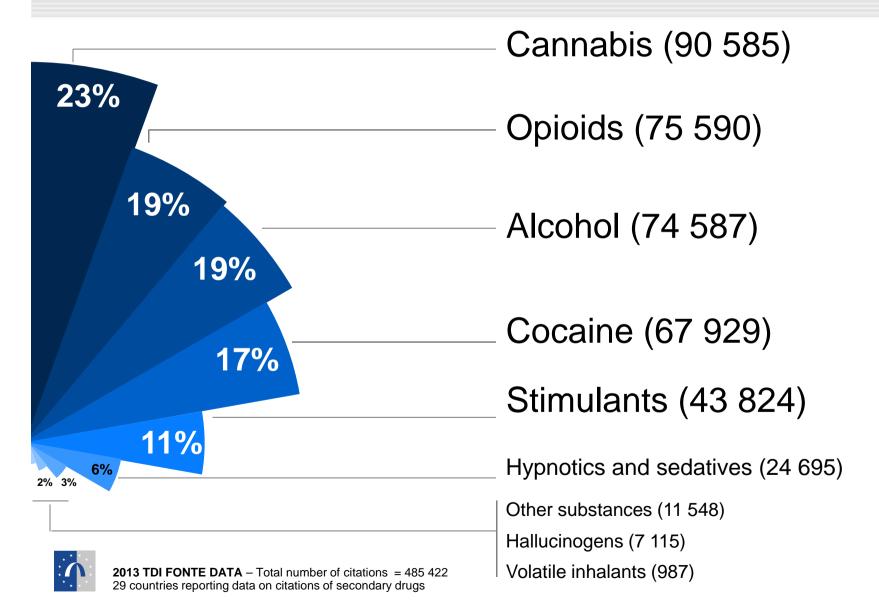


"Polydrug" use among clients entering treatment

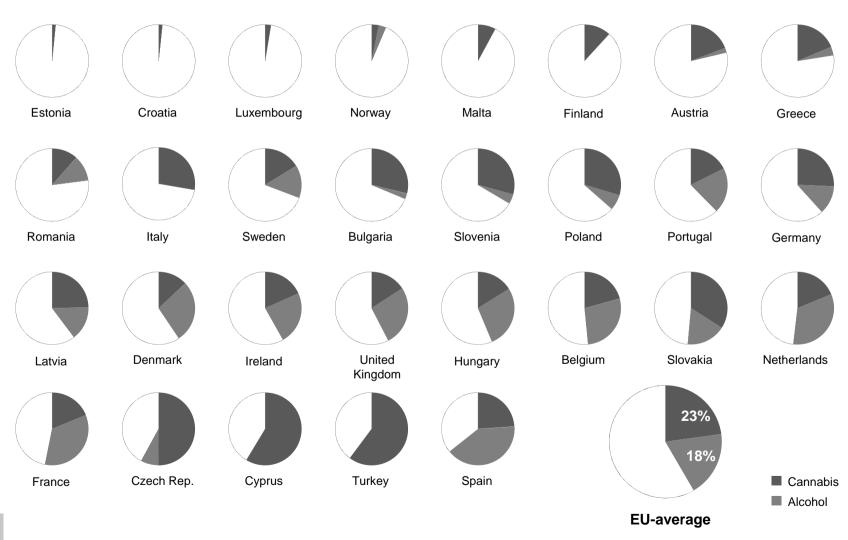
(opioids + cocaine + cannabis + stimulants)
ALL CLIENTS in 2013: 486 066



(by group of substances (%)

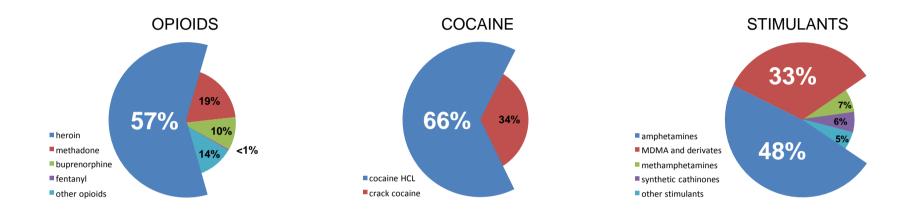


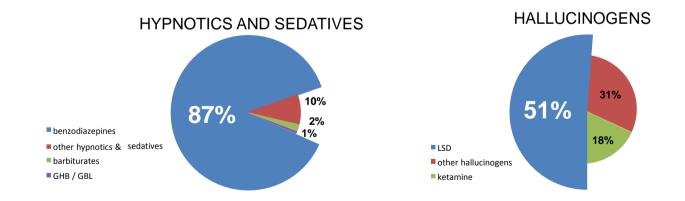
(percentage of cannabis and alcohol citations among all citations, by country)





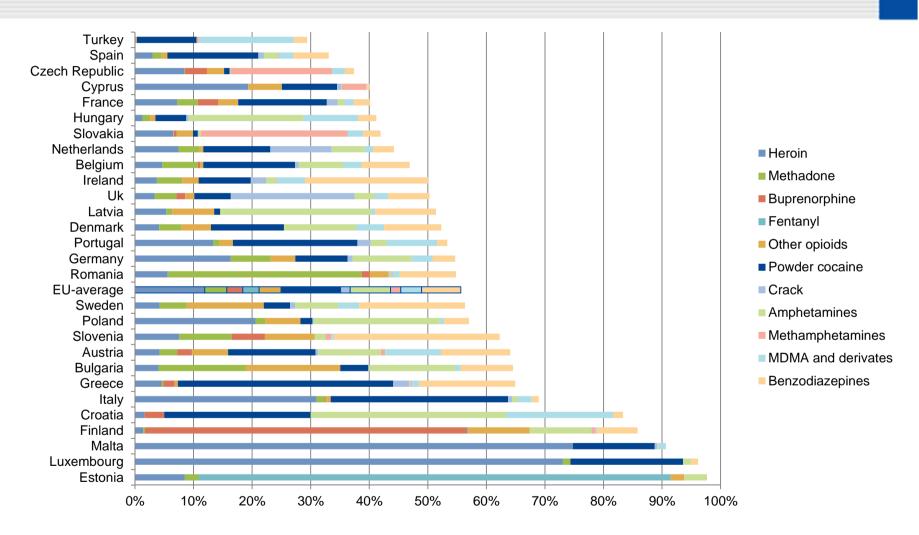
(by drug type (%)







(selected other substances, by country (%)





Polydrug use among clients

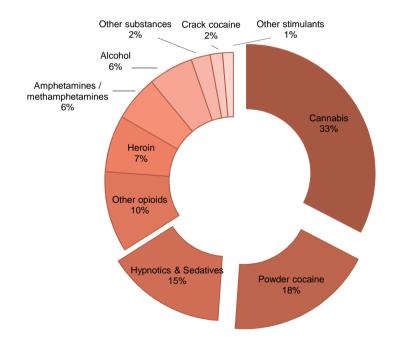
(by primary drug)

	OPIOIDS	COCAINE	CANNABIS	STIMULANTS
Primary drug users out of all drug clients *	40 % (175 753)	13 % (55 849)	30 % (130 569)	8 % (34 060)
Clients using only the primary drug **	37 % (40 422)	39 % (10 208)	50 % (25 242)	37 % (6 352)
Clients using more than the primary drug	63 % (69 093)	61 % (15 773)	50 % (25 255)	63 % (10 708)
Clients using PRIMARY + ONE additional drug	28 % (31 210)	33 % (8 448)	29 % (14 779)	39 % (6 673)
Clients using PRIMARY + TWO additional drugs	35 % (37 883)	28 % (7 325)	21 % (10 476)	24 % (4 035)

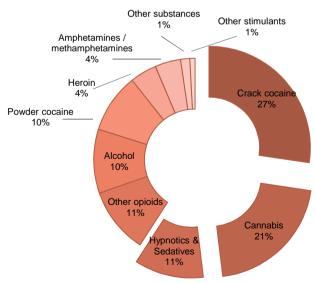


Polydrug use among clients with opioids as primary drug (most popular secondary drug)

Most popular secondary drug (%), excluding UK



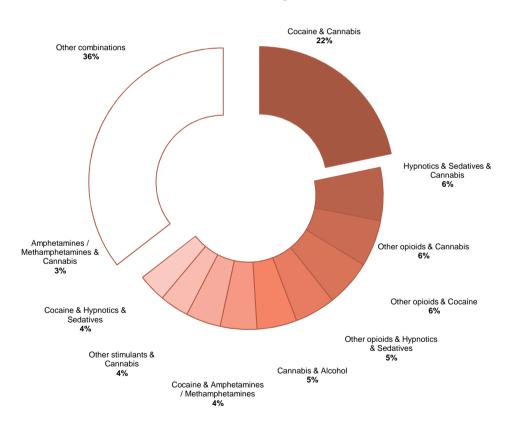
Most popular secondary drug (%), including UK



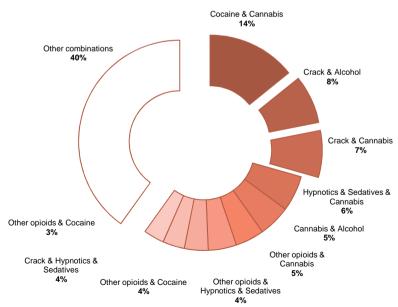


Polydrug use among clients with opioids as primary drug (most popular secondary drug combinations)

Most popular secondary drugs combinations (%) excluding UK



Most popular secondary drugs combinations (%) including UK

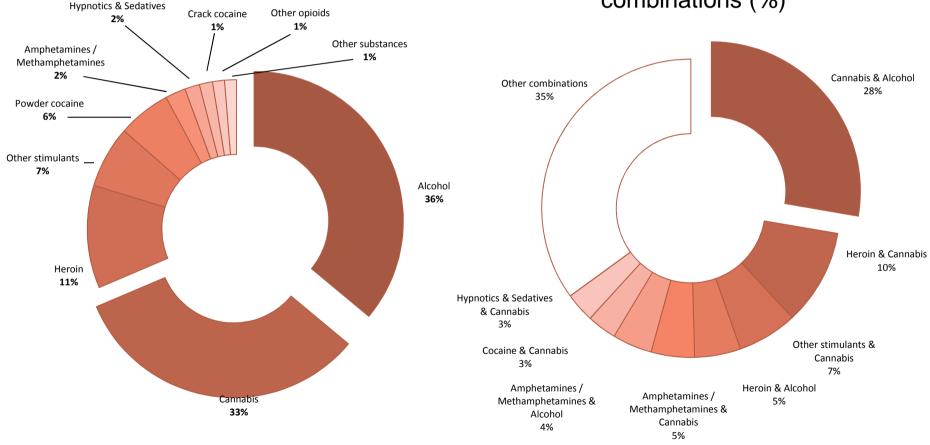




Polydrug use among clients with cocaine as primary drug (most popular secondary drug + most popular secondary drug combinations)

Most popular secondary drug (%)

Most popular secondary drug (%) wes Crack cocaine Other opioids Most popular secondary drug combinations (%)





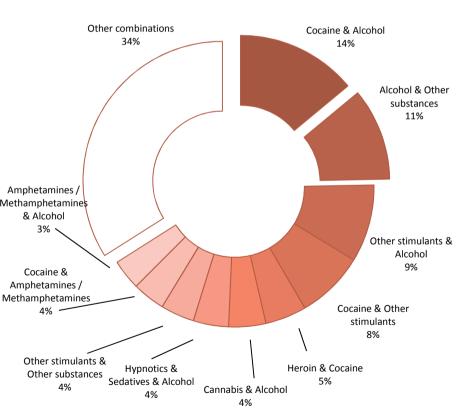
2013 TDI FONTE DATA – Total number of clients with cocaine primary drug reporting on secondary drugs = 15 773. Percentages calculated out of all individuals primary cocaine clients. 19 countries reporting data on secondary drugs for primary cocaine clients. The % of the combinations of primary substance + 2 additional substances calculated excluding not known and other substances.

Polydrug use among clients with cannabis as primary drug (most popular secondary drug + most popular secondary drug combinations)

Most popular secondary drug (%)

Other opioids Heroin 2% 2% Crack cocaine **Hypnotics &** Sedatives 34% Other substances Other stimulants 7% Alcohol 51% Amphetamines / Cannabis Methamphetamines 8% & Alcohol 3% Cocaine & Amphetamines / Amphetamines / Methamphetamine Methamphetamine: 9% Other stimulants & Powder cocaine Other substances 11%

Most popular secondary drug combinations (%)





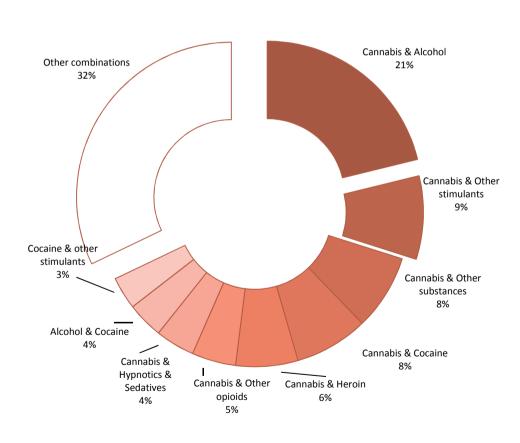
2013 TDI FONTE DATA – Total number of clients with cannabis primary drug reporting on secondary drugs = 25 255. Percentages calculated out of all individuals primary cannabis clients. 19 countries reporting data on secondary drugs for primary cocaine clients. The % of the combinations of primary substance + 2 additional substances calculated excluding not known and other substances.

Polydrug use among clients with stimulants as primary drug (most popular secondary drug + most popular secondary drug combinations)

Most popular secondary drug (%)

Hypnotics & Sedatives Crack cocaine 2% Other substance Other opioids Amphetamines / 3% Methamphetamine Powder cocaine 1% 3% Other stimulants Heroin 5% Alcohol 12% Cannabis 66%

Most popular secondary drug combinations (%)





2013 TDI FONTE DATA – Total number of clients with stimulants primary drug reporting on secondary drugs = 10 708. Percentages calculated out of all individuals primary cannabis clients. 19 countries reporting data on secondary drugs for primary cocaine clients. The % of the combinations of primary substance + 2 additional substances calculated excluding not known and other substances.

Summary and key issues

- Large part of drug clients are using more than one drug
- A group with polydrug use problem great country differences in diagnosis and registration
- Large country variations in data recording and interpretation
- Most common combinations:
 - Opioids + cannabis + cocaine
 - Cocaine + cannabis + alcohol (with either cocaine or cannabis as primary drug)
 - Stimulants + alcohol + cannabis
 - Other groups less frequent but still relevant for treatment (e.g. BZD + opioids)
- What implications for diagnosis and treatment? Specific treatment? Different treatment for typologies?
 Treatment guidelines for specific drugs combinations (e. g. BZD + opioids)
- What the next steps for monitoring and analysis



Limitations

- Still several countries not reporting data on secondary drugs and polydrug use
- Aggregated data reported and limited analysis
- EMCDDA analysis of combinations based on three substances: primary, secondary and tertiary
- Different number of secondary drugs registered and reported by country
- Country differences in the interpretation of secondary drugs (hierarchy)
- Different ways to record polydrug use problems
- Data quality problems: e.g. what does it mean when the same drug is reported as primary and secondary drugs? Or when cannabis is primary drug and heroin/cocaine are secondary?
- Not known patterns of polydrug use: how those drugs are taken: simultaneously (opioids + cocaine) or in different time? Injected or not?
- Not known the socio-demographic profile of clients with polydrug use (compared to single drug users and according to drug combinations)

